# **POWERS OF COMMITTEE**

- The committee is legally responsible for the actions of any sub-committee and it is sensible for each sub-committee to include at least one committee member/trustee. The committee should define the responsibilities of each sub-committee with care. It is essential in all cases for sub-committees to report back to the main committee. While the power to delegate is not limited to any particular function, it is usually appropriate for the final decision on major matters of policy or resources to be taken by the main committee.
- 8.2 The committee is allowed to make rules to govern different aspects of the running of the association that are not already governed by this document.

# **PROPERTY & FUNDS**

- Any property of the association is held in trust to achieve the objects and does not belong to the
- The Charities Act 2011 or any substantial re-enactment 9.2 allows trustees to receive personal benefit from the charity. However, it is recommended that this be carefully managed. This clause sets out the precautionary measures that are required.
- The committee member/trustee should not take part in making any decision from which they might personally benefit.

# 10. RECORDS & ACCOUNTS

The keeping of adequate records is essential if the association is to be properly run. The need for a charity to have its accounts either independently examined or professionally audited is a requirement of charity law and is determined by the level of annual income. To check the current threshold for his, refer to the Charity Commission's website: www.gov.uk/sendcharity-annual-return.

> The independent examination does not have to be conducted by an auditor and can be done by a person the committee reasonably believes to have the required ability and practical experience, e.g. a school bursar or teacher. The person chosen must not be involved with the committee nor be a member of their family.

Except for the Chair of the meeting, who has a second or casting vote 7.5 every committee member/trustee has one vote on each issue.

### **POWERS OF COMMITTEE** 8.

The following powers are available to the committee to help run the association:-

- to delegate any functions of the committee to sub-committees. These 81 must consist of two or more persons appointed by the committee but at least one member of every sub-committee must be a committee member/trustee. All sub-committee proceedings must be promptly reported to the main committee
- to make rules consistent with this constitution about the committee 8.2 and sub-committees, to govern proceedings at general meetings and generally about the running of the association including the operation of bank accounts and the management of funds.

#### **PROPERTY & FUNDS** 9.

- The property and funds of the association must only be used to fulfil 9.1 the objects (see clause 2).
- Committee members/trustees can enter into contracts with the 9.2 association for the provision of goods and services to the association (but not contracts of employment with the association except with the prior written consent of the Charity Commission) provided that:
  - the maximum amount is set out in writing and is reasonable for 9.2.1 the services provided
  - the committee members/trustees are satisfied that the 9.2.2 agreement is in the interests of the charity before entering into it
  - the total number of committee members/trustees entitled to 9.2.3 such remuneration is in the minority from time to time.
- Whenever a committee member/trustee has a personal interest in a matter 9.3 to be discussed at a meeting, the committee member/trustee must:
  - declare an interest before discussion begins on the matter 9.3.1
  - withdraw from that part of the meeting unless expressly invited 9.3.2 to remain in order to provide information
  - 9.3.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting
  - 9.3.4 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter.

### **RECORDS & ACCOUNTS** 10.

- The committee must comply with the requirements of The Charities Act 2011 or any substantial re-enactment as to the keeping of financial records, the audit or independent examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Charity Commission of:
  - 10.1.1 annual reports
  - 10.1.2 annual returns
  - 10.1.3 annual statements of account.
- The committee must keep proper records of: 10.2
  - 10.2.1 all proceedings at general meetings
  - 10.2.2 all proceedings at committee meetings
  - 10.2.3 all reports of sub-committees
- 10.3 Annual reports and statements of account relating to the association must be made available for inspection by any member of the association.